LARGE-SCALE KNOWLEDGE GRAPH IDENTIFICATION USING PSL

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Overview

Problem:
Build a Knowledge Graph from millions of noisy extractions

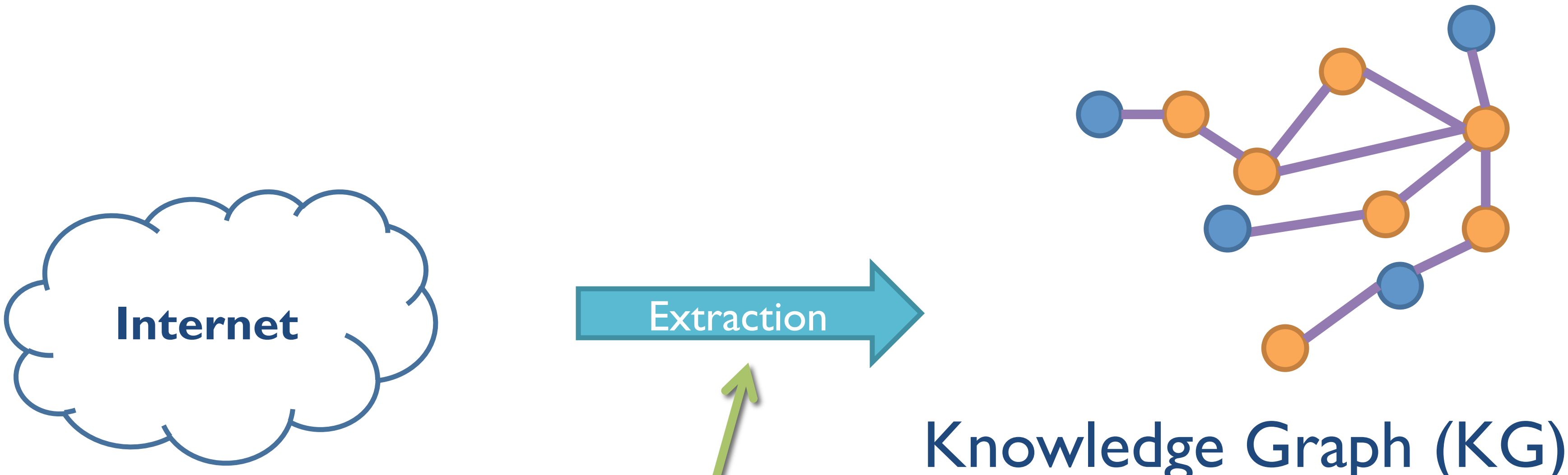
Approach:
Knowledge Graph Identification reasons jointly over all facts in the knowledge graph

Method:
Use probabilistic soft logic to easily specify models and efficiently optimize them

Results:
State-of-the-art performance on real-world datasets producing knowledge graphs with millions of facts

CHALLENGES IN KNOWLEDGE GRAPH CONSTRUCTION

Motivating Problem: New Opportunities

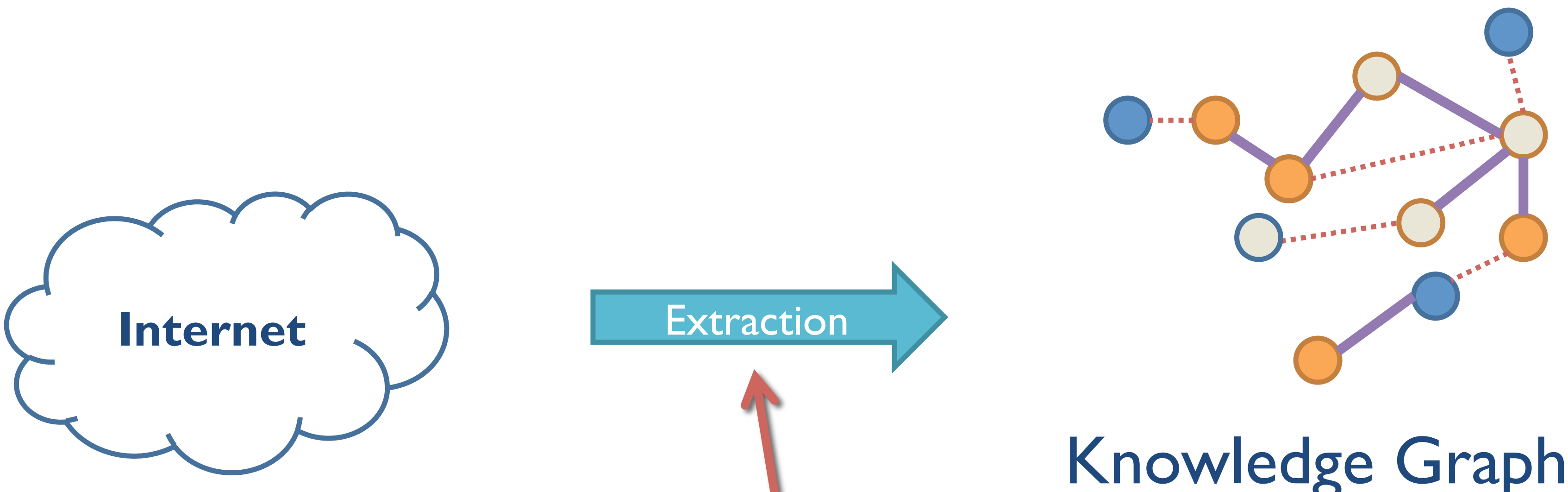


Massive source of publicly available information

Cutting-edge IE methods

Structured representation of entities, their labels and the relationships between them

Motivating Problem: Real Challenges

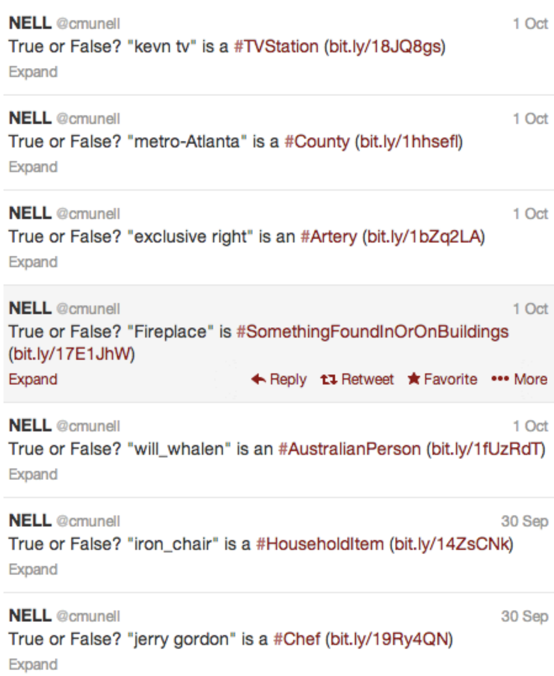


Difficult!

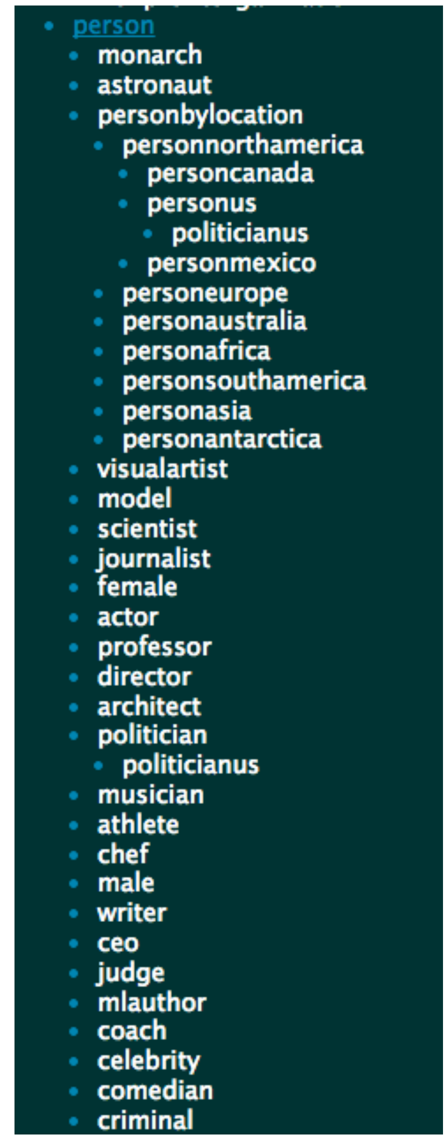
Noisy!

Contains many errors and inconsistencies

NELL: The Never-Ending Language Learner



- Large-scale IE project (Carlson et al., 2010)
- Lifelong learning: aims to "read the web"
- Ontology of known labels and relations
- Knowledge base contains millions of facts



Examples of NELL errors

Entity co-reference errors

Kyrgyzstan has many variants:

- Kyrgystan
- Kyrgistan
- Kyrghyzstan
- Kyrgzstan
- Kyrgyz Republic

Saudi Cultural Days in the Kyrgyz Republic has concluded its activities in the capital Bishkek in the weekend in a special ceremony held on this occasion. The event was attended by Deputy Minister of Culture and Tourism of the Kyrgyz Republic Koulev Mirza; Kyrgyzstan's Ambassador to Saudi Arabia Jusupbek Sharipov; the Saudi Embassy Acting Chargé d'affaires to Kyrgyzstan, Mari bin Barakah Al-Derbas and members of the embassy staff, in the presence of a heavy turnout of Kyrgyz citizens.

The Days of Culture of Saudi Arabia in Kyrgyzstan will be held from 6 to 9 May.

Home > Holiday Destinations > Kyrghyzstan > Bishkek > Climate Profile

Fast Forecast | Holiday Weather

Refugees are often from areas where conflict is historically embedded and marked in ideology and injustice. The Tsarnaev family emigrated from the Chechen diaspora in Kyrgzstan, a region Stalin deported the Chechens to in 1943. After the fall of the Berlin Wall in 1991, Chechens engaged in a battle for independence from Russia that led to the Tsarnaevs' petition for refugee status in the early

Missing and spurious labels

Anssi Kullberg has sent along some great trip reports to unusual places, including Kyrgyzstan, Pakistan, Egypt/Jordan, and Afghanistan. I had to create a whole new country page for Afghanistan to hold that last one! Thanks so much, Anssi!

Erik Kleyheeg has just returned from Lesvos with some new bird images. Included here are: Common Scops-Owl, Wood Warbler, Spanish Sparrow, Red-throated Pipit, Eurasian Chiff-chaff, and Cretzschmar's Bunting.

Kyrgyzstan (/kɜrɡɪˈstɑːn/ *kur-gi-STAHN*;[5] Kyrgyz: Кыргызстан (IPA: [qɯrʁɯsˈstɑn]); Russian: Киргизия), officially the **Kyrgyz Republic** (Kyrgyz: Кыргыз Республикасы; Russian: Кыргызская Республика), is a country located in Central Asia.[6] Landlocked and mountainous, Kyrgyzstan is bordered by Kazakhstan to the north, Uzbekistan to the west, Tajikistan to the southwest and China to the east. Its capital and largest city is Bishkek.

Kyrgyzstan is labeled a bird and a country

Missing and spurious relations

Guidance

Kazakhstan / Kyrgyzstan – Consular Fees

Organisation: Foreign & Commonwealth Office
Page history: Published 4 April 2013

Kyrgyzstan's location is ambiguous – Kazakhstan, Russia and US are included in possible locations

Kyrgyzstan U.S. Air Base Future Unclear

A Central Asian country of incredible natural beauty and proud nomadic traditions, most of Kyrgyzstan was formally annexed to Russia in 1876. The Kyrgyz staged a major revolt against the Tsarist Empire in 1916 in which almost one-sixth of the Kyrgyz population was killed. Kyrgyzstan became a Soviet republic in 1936 and

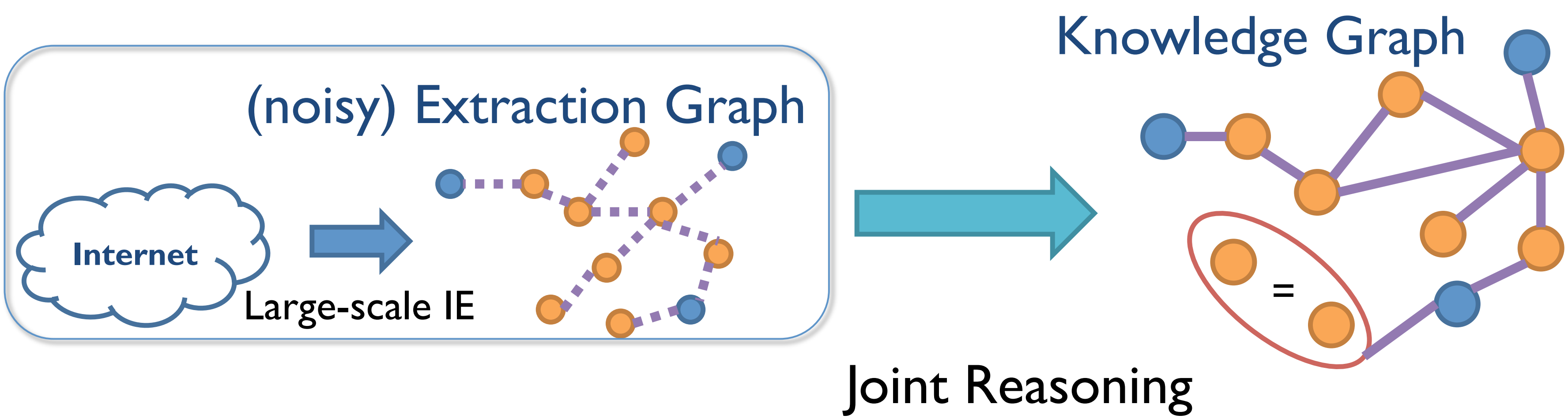
Violations of ontological knowledge

- Equivalence of co-referent entities (sameAs)
  - SameEntity(Kyrgyzstan, Kyrgyz Republic)
- Mutual exclusion (disjointWith) of labels
  - MUT(bird, country)
- Selectional preferences (domain/range) of relations
  - RNG(countryLocation, continent)

Enforcing these constraints require **jointly** considering multiple extractions

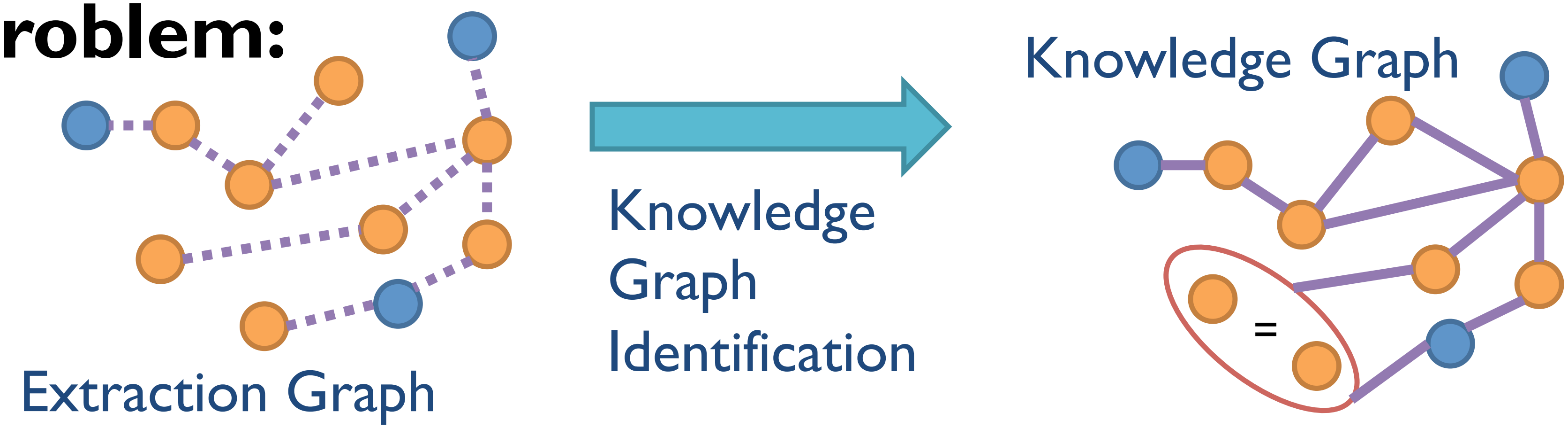
KNOWLEDGE GRAPH IDENTIFICATION

Motivating Problem (revised)



Knowledge Graph Identification

Problem:



Solution: *Knowledge Graph Identification* (KGI)

- Performs *graph identification*:
  - entity resolution
  - collective classification
  - link prediction
- Enforces *ontological constraints*
- Incorporates *multiple uncertain sources*

Illustration of KGI: Extractions

Uncertain Extractions:

.5: Lbl(Kyrgyzstan, bird)

.7: Lbl(Kyrgyzstan, country)

.9: Lbl(Kyrgyz Republic, country)

.8: Rel(Kyrgyz Republic, Bishkek, hasCapital)

Illustration of KGI: Extraction Graph

Uncertain Extractions:

.5: Lbl(Kyrgyzstan, bird)
.7: Lbl(Kyrgyzstan, country)
.9: Lbl(Kyrgyz Republic, country)
.8: Rel(Kyrgyz Republic, Bishkek, hasCapital)

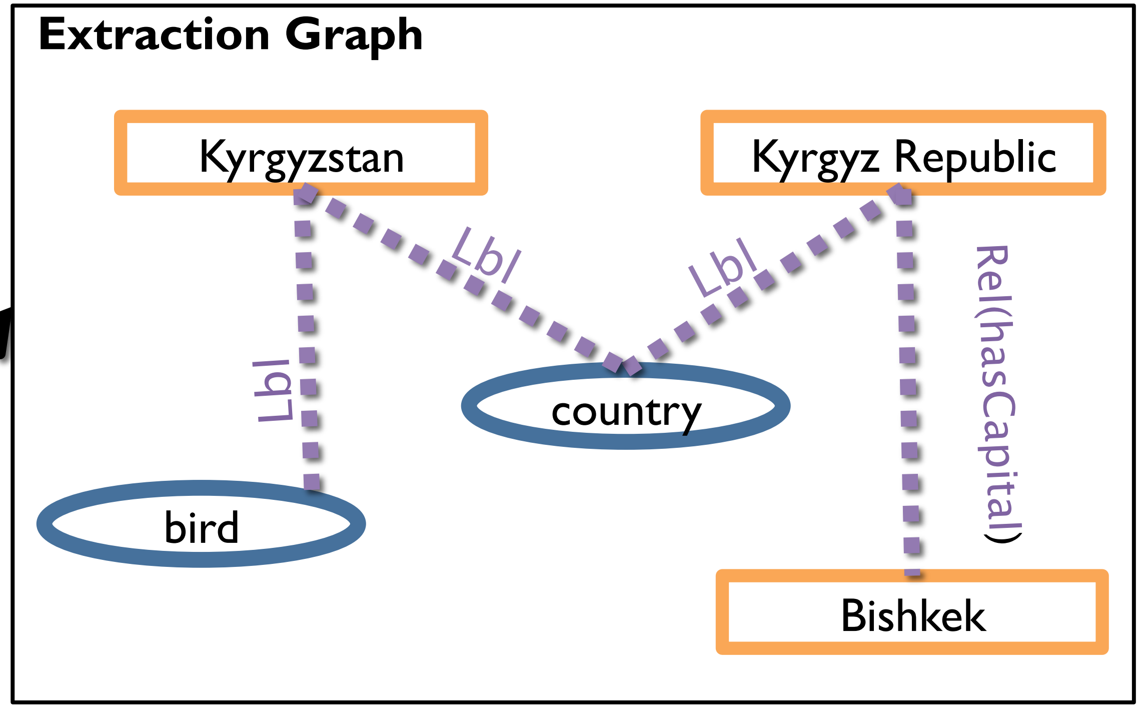


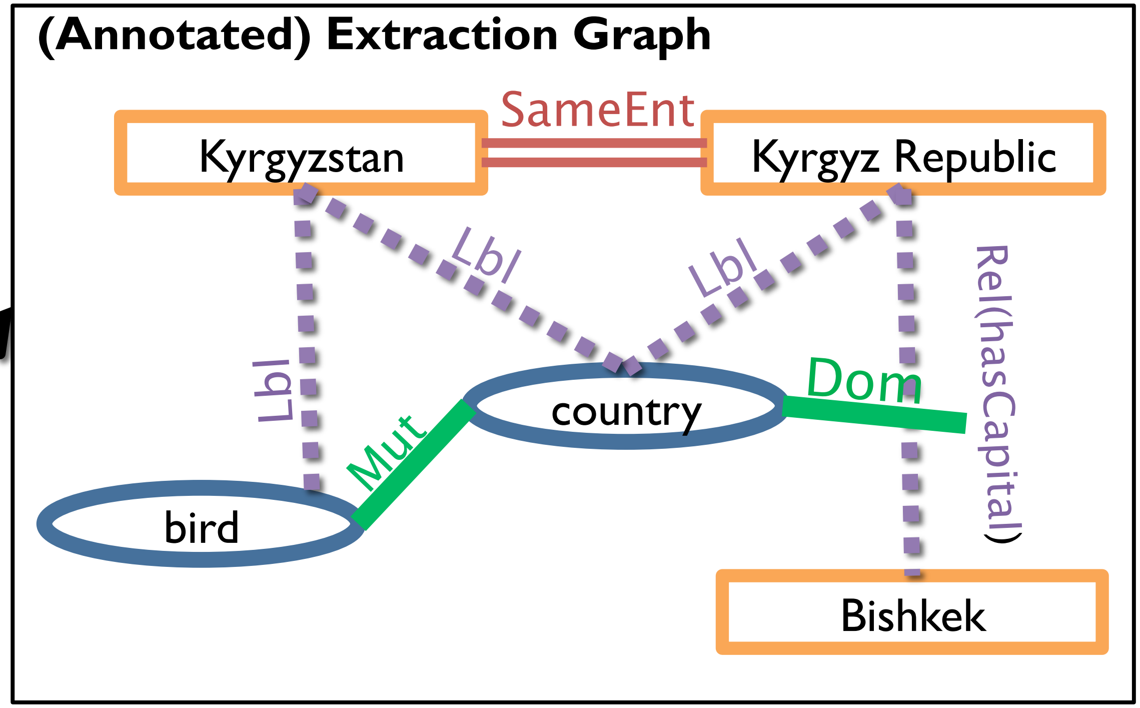
Illustration of KGI: Ontology + ER

Uncertain Extractions:
.5: Lbl(Kyrgyzstan, bird)
.7: Lbl(Kyrgyzstan, country)
.9: Lbl(Kyrgyz Republic, country)

.8: Rel(Kyrgyz Republic, Bishkek, hasCapital)

Ontology:
Dom(hasCapital, country)
Mut(country, bird)

Entity Resolution:
SameEnt(Kyrgyz Republic, Kyrgyzstan)



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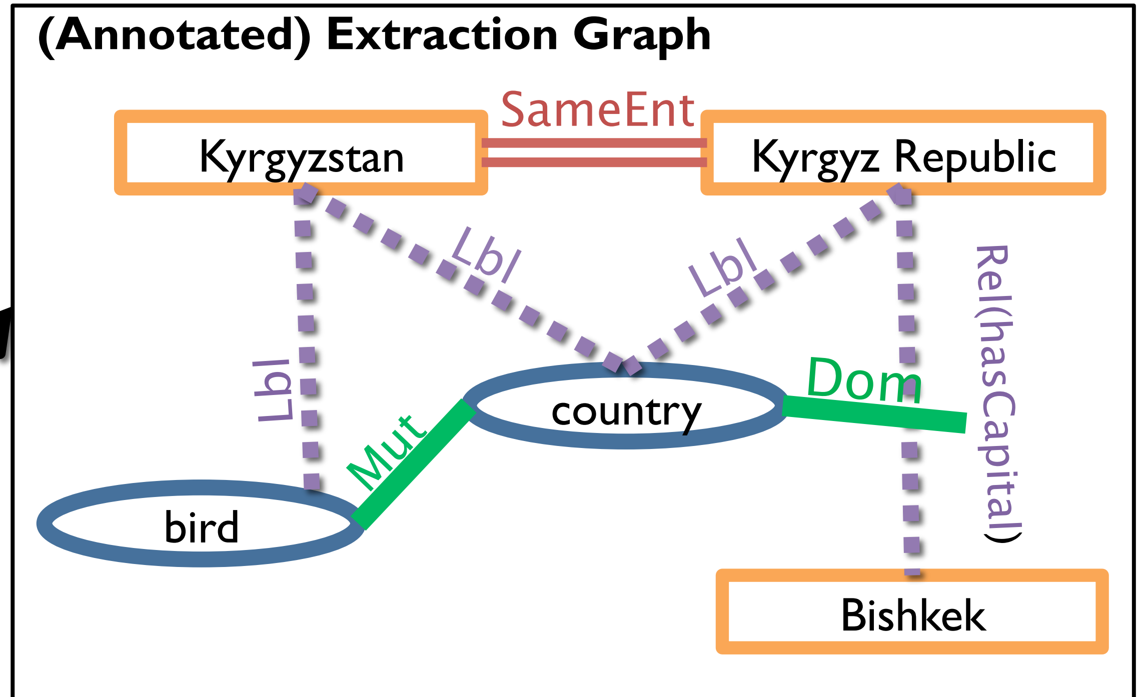
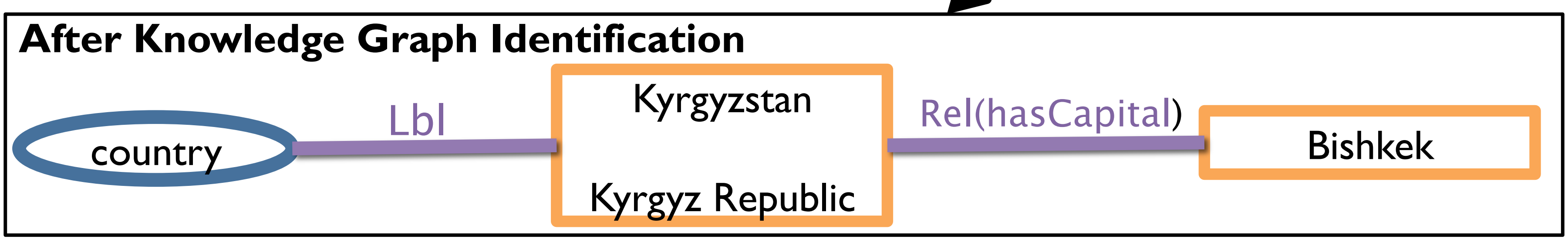
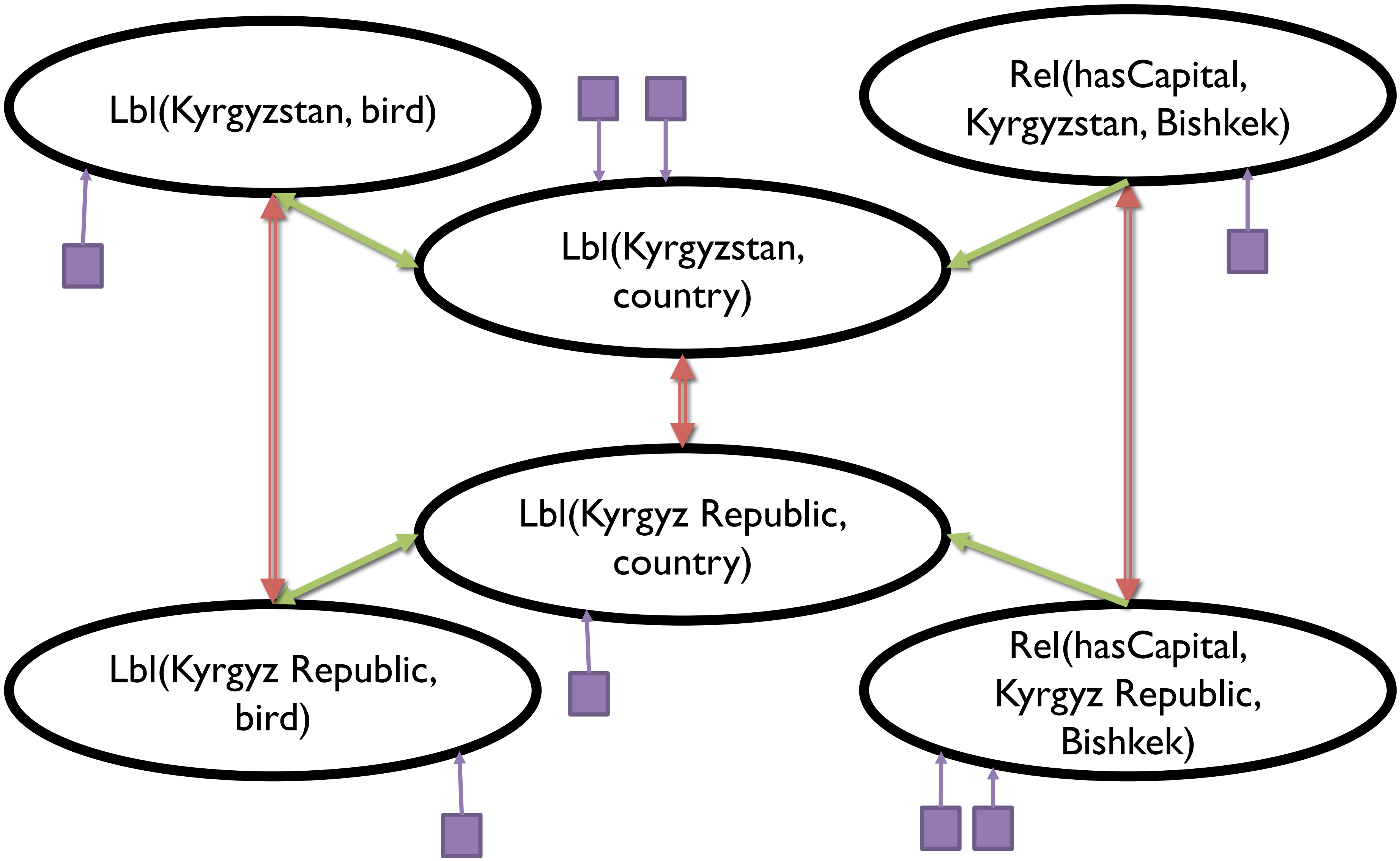




MODELING KNOWLEDGE GRAPH IDENTIFICATION

Viewing KGI as a probabilistic graphical model



Background: Probabilistic Soft Logic (PSL)

- Templating language for hinge-loss MRFs, very scalable!
- Model specified as a collection of logical formulas

$$\textsc{SameEnt}(E_1, E_2)\ \tilde{\wedge}\ \textsc{Lbl}(E_1, L) \Rightarrow \textsc{Lbl}(E_2, L)$$

- Uses soft-logic formulation
  - Truth values of atoms relaxed to [0,1] interval
  - Truth values of formulas derived from Lukasiewicz t-norm

Background: PSL Rules to Distributions

- Rules are *grounded* by substituting literals into formulas

$$\mathbf{w_{EL}} : \textsc{SameEnt}(\text{Kyrgyzstan}, \text{Kyrygyz Republic}) \;\tilde{\wedge}$$
$$\textsc{Lbl}(\text{Kyrgyzstan}, \text{country}) \Rightarrow \textsc{Lbl}(\text{Kyrygyz Republic}, \text{country})$$

- Each ground rule has a weighted *distance to satisfaction* derived from the formula's truth value

$$P(G \mid E) = \frac{1}{Z} \exp\left[-\sum_{r \in R} w_r \varphi_r(G) \right]$$

- The PSL program can be interpreted as a joint probability distribution over all variables in knowledge graph, conditioned on the extractions

Background: Finding the best knowledge graph

- MPE inference solves $\max_G P(G)$ to find the best KG
- In PSL, inference solved by convex optimization
- Efficient: running time scales with $O(|R|)$

PSL Rules for the KGI Model

PSL Rules: Uncertain Extractions

Weight for source T (relations)

Predicate representing uncertain relation extraction from extractor T

Relation in Knowledge Graph

$$\mathbf{w_{CR-T}} : \textsc{CandRel}_T(E_1, E_2, R) \Rightarrow \textsc{Rel}(E_1, E_2, R)$$

$$\mathbf{w_{CL-T}} : \textsc{CandLbl}_T(E, L) \Rightarrow \textsc{Lbl}(E, L)$$

Weight for source T (labels)

Predicate representing uncertain label extraction from extractor T

Label in Knowledge Graph

PSL Rules: Entity Resolution

$$\mathbf{w_{EL}} : \textsc{SameEnt}(E_1, E_2) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Lbl}(E_1, L) \Rightarrow \textsc{Lbl}(E_2, L)$$

$$\mathbf{w_{ER}} : \textsc{SameEnt}(E_1, E_2) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Rel}(E_1, E, R) \Rightarrow \textsc{Rel}(E_2, E, R)$$

$$\mathbf{w_{ER}} : \textsc{SameEnt}(E_1, E_2) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Rel}(E, E_1, R) \Rightarrow \textsc{Rel}(E, E_2, R)$$

ER predicate captures confidence that entities are co-referent

- Rules require co-referent entities to have the same labels and relations

- Creates an *equivalence class* of co-referent entities

PSL Rules: Ontology

Inverse:

$$\mathbf{w_O}: \textsc{Inv}(R,S) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Rel}(E_1,E_2,R) \Rightarrow \textsc{Rel}(E_2,E_1,S)$$

Selectional Preference:

$$\mathbf{w_O}: \textsc{Dom}(R,L) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Rel}(E_1,E_2,R) \Rightarrow \textsc{Lbl}(E_1,L)$$

$$\mathbf{w_O}: \textsc{Rng}(R,L) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Rel}(E_1,E_2,R) \Rightarrow \textsc{Lbl}(E_2,L)$$

Subsumption:

$$\mathbf{w_O}: \textsc{Sub}(L,P) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Lbl}(E,L) \Rightarrow \textsc{Lbl}(E,P)$$

$$\mathbf{w_O}: \textsc{RSub}(R,S) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Rel}(E_1,E_2,R) \Rightarrow \textsc{Rel}(E_1,E_2,S)$$

Mutual Exclusion:

$$\mathbf{w_O}: \textsc{Mut}(L_1,L_2) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Lbl}(E,L_1) \Rightarrow \tilde{\neg}\textsc{Lbl}(E,L_2)$$

$$\mathbf{w_O}: \textsc{RMut}(R,S) \tilde{\wedge} \textsc{Rel}(E_1,E_2,R) \Rightarrow \tilde{\neg}\textsc{Rel}(E_1,E_2,S)$$

Adapted from Jiang et al., ICDM 2012

Probability Distribution over KGs

$$P(G \mid E) = \frac{1}{Z} \exp\left[-\sum_{r \in R} w_r \, \varphi_r(G)\right]$$

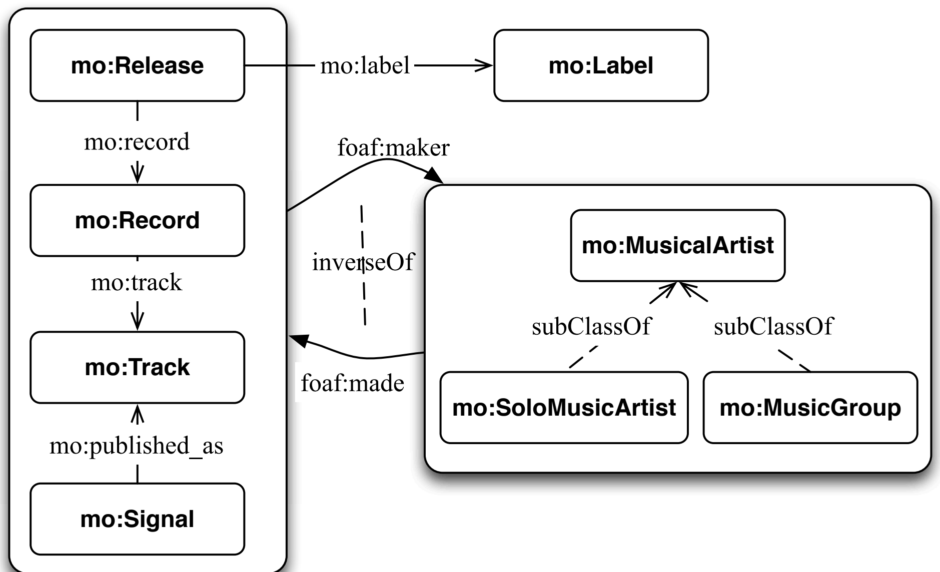
$$\begin{aligned}
&\textsc{CandLbl}_T(\texttt{kyrgyzstan}, \texttt{bird}) && \Rightarrow \ \textsc{Lbl}(\texttt{kyrgyzstan}, \texttt{bird}) \\
&\textsc{Mut}(\texttt{bird}, \texttt{country}) && \tilde{\wedge} \ \textsc{Lbl}(\texttt{kyrgyzstan}, \texttt{bird}) \\
& && \Rightarrow \ \tilde{\neg}\textsc{Lbl}(\texttt{kyrgyzstan}, \texttt{country}) \\
&\textsc{SameEnt}(\texttt{kyrgz republic}, \texttt{kyrgyzstan}) && \tilde{\wedge} \ \textsc{Lbl}(\texttt{kyrgz republic}, \texttt{country}) \\
& && \Rightarrow \ \textsc{Lbl}(\texttt{kyrgyzstan}, \texttt{country})
\end{aligned}$$

EVALUATION

Two Evaluation Datasets

	LinkedBrainz	NELL
Description	Community-supplied data about musical artists, labels, and creative works	Real-world IE system extracting general facts from the WWW
Noise	Realistic synthetic noise	Imperfect extractors and ambiguous web pages
Candidate Facts	810K	1.3M
Unique Labels and Relations	27	456
Ontological Constraints	49	67.9K

LinkedBrainz dataset for KGI



Mapping to FRBR/FOAF ontology	
DOM	rdfs:domain
RNG	rdfs:range
INV	owl:inverseOf
SUB	rdfs:subClassOf
RSUB	rdfs:subPropertyOf
MUT	owl:disjointWith

Adding noise to LinkedBrainz

Add realistic noise to LinkedBrainz data:

Error Type	Erroneous Data
Co-reference	User misspells artist
Label	User swaps artist and album fields
Relation	User omits or adds spurious albums for artist
Reliability	Gaussian noise on truth value of information

LinkedBrainz experiments

Comparisons:

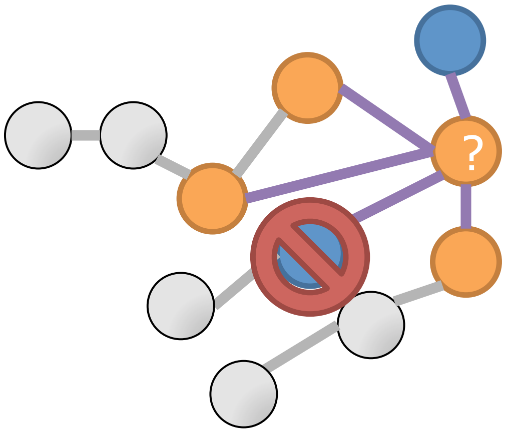
Baseline	Use noisy truth values as fact scores
PSL-EROnly	Only apply rules for **E**ntity **R**esolution
PSL-OntOnly	Only apply rules for **Ont**ological reasoning
PSL-KGI	Apply **K**nowledge **G**raph **I**dentification model

	AUC	Precision	Recall	F1 at .5	Max F1
Baseline	0.672	0.946	0.477	0.634	0.788
PSL-EROnly	0.797	0.953	0.558	0.703	0.831
PSL-OntOnly	0.753	0.964	0.605	0.743	0.832
PSL-KGI	0.901	0.970	0.714	0.823	0.919

NELL Evaluation: two settings

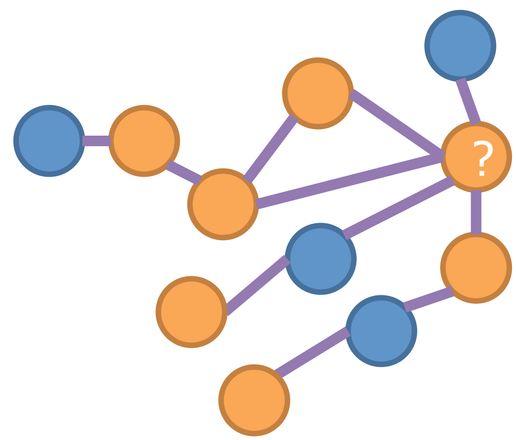
Target Set: restrict to a subset of KG

(Jiang, ICDM12)



- Closed-world model
- Uses a target set: subset of KG
- Derived from 2-hop neighborhood
- Excludes trivially satisfied variables

Complete: Infer full knowledge graph



- Open-world model
- All possible entities, relations, labels
- Inference assigns truth value to each variable

NELL experiments: Target Set

Task: Compute truth values of a target set derived from the evaluation data

Comparisons:

Baseline Average confidences of extractors for each fact in the NELL candidates
NELL Evaluate NELL's promotions (on the full knowledge graph)
MLN Method of (Jiang, ICDM12) – estimates marginal probabilities with MC-SAT
PSL-KGI Apply full Knowledge Graph Identification model

Running Time: Inference completes in 10 seconds, values for 25K facts

	AUC	**F1**
Baseline	.873	.828
NELL	.765	.673
MLN (Jiang, 12)	.899	.836
PSL-KGI	.904	.853

NELL experiments: Complete knowledge graph

Task: Compute a full knowledge graph from uncertain extractions

Comparisons:

NELL NELL's strategy: ensure ontological consistency with existing KB

PSL-KGI Apply full Knowledge Graph Identification model

Running Time: Inference completes in 130 minutes, producing 4.3M facts

	AUC	Precision	Recall	F1
NELL	0.765	0.801	0.477	0.634
PSL-KGI	0.892	0.826	0.871	0.848

Conclusion

- Knowledge Graph Identification is a powerful technique for producing knowledge graphs from noisy IE system output
- Using PSL we are able to enforce global ontological constraints and capture uncertainty in our model
- Unlike previous work, our approach infers complete knowledge graphs for datasets with millions of extractions

Code available on GitHub:

https://github.com/linqs/KnowledgeGraphIdentification

Questions?